

# CISSP Syllabus

The CISSP domains are drawn from various information security topics within the (ISC)<sup>2</sup> CBK. The CISSP CBK consists of the following 8 domains:

- **Security and Risk Management** (Security, Risk, Compliance, Law, Regulations, and Business Continuity)
  - Confidentiality, integrity, and availability concepts
  - Security governance principles
  - Compliance
  - Legal and regulatory issues
  - Professional ethic
  - Security policies, standards, procedures and guidelines
- **Asset Security** (Protecting Security of Assets)
  - Information and asset classification
  - Ownership (e.g. data owners, system owners)
  - Protect privacy
  - Appropriate retention
  - Data security controls
  - Handling requirements (e.g. markings, labels, storage)
- **Security Engineering** (Engineering and Management of Security)
  - Engineering processes using secure design principles
  - Security models fundamental concepts
  - Security evaluation models
  - Security capabilities of information systems
  - Security architectures, designs, and solution elements vulnerabilities
  - Web-based systems vulnerabilities
  - Mobile systems vulnerabilities
  - Embedded devices and cyber-physical systems vulnerabilities
  - Cryptography
  - Site and facility design secure principles
  - Physical security
- **Communication and Network Security** (Designing and Protecting Network Security)
  - Secure network architecture design (e.g. IP & non-IP protocols, segmentation)
  - Secure network components
  - Secure communication channels
  - Network attacks

- **Identity and Access Management** (Controlling Access and Managing Identity)
  - Physical and logical assets control
  - Identification and authentication of people and devices
  - Identity as a service (e.g. cloud identity)
  - Third-party identity services (e.g. on-premise)
  - Access control attacks
  - Identity and access provisioning lifecycle (e.g. provisioning review)
- **Security Assessment and Testing** (Designing, Performing, and Analyzing Security Testing)
  - Assessment and test strategies
  - Security process data (e.g. management and operational controls)
  - Security control testing
  - Test outputs (e.g. automated, manual)
  - Security architectures vulnerabilities
- **Security Operations** (Foundational Concepts, Investigations, Incident Management, and Disaster Recovery)
  - Investigations support and requirements
  - Logging and monitoring activities
  - Provisioning of resources
  - Foundational security operations concepts
  - Resource protection techniques
  - Incident management
  - Preventative measures
  - Patch and vulnerability management
  - Change management processes
  - Recovery strategies
  - Disaster recovery processes and plans
  - Business continuity planning and exercises
  - Physical security
  - Personnel safety concerns
- **Software Development Security** (Understanding, Applying, and Enforcing Software Security)
  - Security in the software development lifecycle
  - Development environment security controls
  - Software security effectiveness
  - Acquired software security impact